1 2	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA
3) In Re: Pork Antitrust) File No. 18CV1776 Litigation) & 21MD2998
5) (JRT/JFD))
6)) Minneapolis, Minnesota
7) December 20, 2022) 11:02 A.M.
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9	BEFORE THE HONORABLE CHIEF JUDGE JOHN R. TUNHEIM
10	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT JUDGE
1112	AND
13	MAGISTRATE JUDGE JOHN F. DOCHERTY
14	UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE
15	(STATUS CONFERENCE VIA VIDEO CONFERENCE)
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1	11:02 A.M.
2	11.02 11.11.
3	(In open court via video conference.)
4	THE COURT: All right. Good morning, everyone.
5	This is Multi District Litigation 21-2998, In Re: Pork
6	Antitrust Litigation. We have a status conference today.
7	Good morning, everyone.
8	Heather is going to go through and read the list
9	of names so that you are noted for the record. I do that
10	that way. It's just a little easier than having everyone
11	go through and state their names. If we miss anybody, we
12	will have you state your name after Heather is finished.
13	Go ahead.
14	COURTROOM DEPUTY: Okay. Starting with
15	plaintiffs. Brian Clark.
16	MR. CLARK: Good morning.
17	COURTROOM DEPUTY: Joseph Bourne.
18	MR. BOURNE: Good morning.
19	COURTROOM DEPUTY: No good mornings. I will get
20	through this faster.
21	Michael Pearson. Amanda Jesteadt. Michael
22	Ponzoli. Stephen Owen. Joshua Rissman. Shana Scarlett.
23	Blaine Finley. Kyle Bates. Yelena Dewald. Patrick Ahern.
24	Jeffrey Bergman. Garth Yearick. Kristin Gore. William
25	Blechman. Samuel Randall.

1 Robert Kaplan. David Eddy. Sarah Jones. 2 Gant. Jack Stern. Liam Phibbs. Daniel Laytin. Jenna 3 Stupar. Max Samels. Nicholas Ruge. Craig Coleman. 4 Jessica Nelson. Sami Rashid. Peter Schwingler. 5 Robison. Christopher Smith. Jarod Taylor. Tiffany 6 Rohrbaugh. 7 THE COURT: All right. Did we miss anyone who 8 wishes to be noted today? 9 All right. Very well. Let's start. We have a 10 list of agenda items here. We will run through them, and 11 then anything else anyone wishes to raise, that is fine with the Court as well. 12 13 We have Judge Docherty here with us, and I will 14 let him handle the first issue if there are issues 15 remaining to discuss about depositions. 16 MAGISTRATE JUDGE DOCHERTY: Sure. Good morning, 17 everybody. 18 The first item on the joint agenda is two 19 depositions, one of a company called Sioux-Preme, and the 20 other of a former U. S. Department of Agriculture employee 21 Courtney Knupp. I hope I'm pronouncing that correctly. 22 Basically the depositions are, the defendants say 23 that these depositions are relevant, but they were noticed 24 or subpoenaed within the fact discovery period. It is not 25 on them that the depositions have not yet taken place.

My initial question to either the plaintiffs or
the defendants is, are you looking for a ruling today? Are
you letting us know that a motion to compel may be
forthcoming? What exactly is the ask this morning?
MR. BOURNE: Good morning, Your Honor. Joe
Bourne for the Direct Purchaser Plaintiffs and speaking for
the plaintiffs. The plaintiffs would respectfully request
a ruling that either the depositions are untimely and may
not proceed or that the defendants need to file a motion to
modify the scheduling order and seek to show good cause.
We believe it's appropriate to rule on the basis
of the orders already in the case and the papers and
discussion here today that the depositions are untimely.
MAGISTRATE JUDGE DOCHERTY: All right. And
what's the view of the defendants on this?
MS. STUPAR: Hi, Your Honor. Jenna Stupar
appearing here.
I think that we are open. As we've stated in our
papers, we think that these depositions can and should be
permitted to proceed. If Your Honor wants to create a
record of that via some sort of an order, that is okay by
us.
In our view, we don't need to modify the
scheduling order, although we would be happy to do that if
that's Your Honor's preference. Because these depositions

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were timely noticed already, in our view, we think that that covers, is already covered and they can proceed once 3 all the parties agree on some dates. That said, we're very open to if Your Honor has a stated preference on how to proceed. MAGISTRATE JUDGE DOCHERTY: Okay. Just a couple of questions, Ms. Stupar. I mean, I'm happy to give a 8 ruling here this morning. My questions center on the 9 Sioux-Preme deposition. 10 MS. STUPAR: Okay. 11 MAGISTRATE JUDGE DOCHERTY: I notice that you 12 indicate that the relevance of that deposition was known 13 November the 18th, but it became more relevant November the 14 18th when you received the plaintiffs' expert report. 15 When was it that the Sioux-Preme deposition was 16 noticed? 17 MS. STUPAR: So we initially, so we noticed them 18 first for structured data, and that occurred in May. They 19 produced that in July. It was about 700,000 rows of data, 20 which takes a while to go through especially if you're me 21 and not great with data, and so then we noticed the 22 deposition subpoena on September 16. So that's about 45 23 days before the close of fact discovery. 24 MAGISTRATE JUDGE DOCHERTY: And then I noticed 25 that you indicate that you were working with Sioux-Preme to

limit the scope of the deposition. Could you expand a little bit more on that, specifically on the timeline of those discussions, not so much the content.

MS. STUPAR: Sure. So we first issued our notice, as we said, in September 16. Plaintiffs cross noticed that about ten days later, and then Sioux-Preme served I think some responses and objections within a couple of weeks, and we had a handful of phone calls.

There were a few in October before the close of fact discovery, and then those obviously ended up continuing on as we were trying to negotiate the scope and the timing with Sioux-Preme.

We had initially served twelve topics.

Plaintiffs' cross notice was just an exact mirror of the twelve topics, and Sioux-Preme because I guess they had been acquired a couple of years ago, they were trying to figure out what was reasonable for them in terms of personnel that they had available, information that they would have available in order to put a witness up if they were going to do so at all.

And so because they had kind of an acquisition concern and wanted to know what they had in terms of personnel, turnover, that kind of thing, they needed to take some time to figure out internally what was doable for them and what they were willing to do based on Bergan

(phonetic).

MAGISTRATE JUDGE DOCHERTY: As to both of these, what is your best estimate as to when the depositions would actually be taking place if they were to be allowed?

MS. STUPAR: With Sioux-Preme we are already in the end of December, and Sioux-Preme I would assume, especially given that it's a two-hour deposition, my thought is we could probably do that in January. Ms. Knupp is going to be a little bit more difficult just because my understanding is that the government is still conducting its *Touhy* analysis.

That said, in October they had originally contemplated some dates in late November that they offered for Ms. Knupp, and then they said, gosh, this is taking longer than we expected, we are going to need a little more time.

So it will I guess depend on them. However, it's been several weeks, and so I'm hopeful, you know, that both of these could occur in January. Our goal certainly is to get them done as soon as possible.

MAGISTRATE JUDGE DOCHERTY: Thank you.

Mr. Bourne, it sounds like in contrast to the motion we had concerning the JBS 30(b)(6) a little while ago that these depositions are not taking place because of facts beyond the control of the party that is seeking the

deposition.

Why would I not on those facts find, if I need to, good cause to amend the scheduling order for the limited purpose of allowing these two depositions?

MR. BOURNE: Your Honor, the plaintiffs believe that good cause is not present because the deadline to complete fact discovery was October 31st. The deadline to move, file nondispositive motions was November 14th. We negotiated extensively a stipulation that described the parameters of the discovery that would occur after October 31st, and this deposition, these two depositions, were not part of that.

And the defendant could have -- the defendant group could have acted diligently by either seeking to include the deposition in the stipulation or by filing a motion by November 14th.

MAGISTRATE JUDGE DOCHERTY: All right. I'm prepared to make a decision on this, and I don't anticipate there being a written order to follow, so the transcript of what I am about to say would be the discovery order for purposes of either further review or any other purpose really.

Given that these two depositions have been delayed because of things that are not within the defendants' control, the government's *Touhy* analysis with

1 the case of the Department of Agriculture deposition of --2 I'm sorry -- Ms. Knupp and also the negotiations with 3 Sioux-Preme, which is a closer question, but all the same, 4 I am not keen on penalizing a party for seeking to work 5 with the third party that has been brought into the 6 litigation by means of a subpoena. 7 And therefore I will find that there is good 8 cause to amend the pretrial scheduling order, find that the 9 defendants have been diligent in seeking to advance these 10 depositions, and as I say, I will allow a very limited 11 modification of the pretrial scheduling order to allow 12 these two depositions, one of Sioux-Preme and one of 13 Ms. Knupp, to take place beyond the close of fact 14 discovery. 15 I do want to be updated, though. If it looks 16 like these depositions are not going to occur in January, I 17 don't know what I would be able to do about that, but I do 18 want to be informed. 19 And, Ms. Stupar, would you please do that? 20 MS. STUPAR: Yeah, of course, Your Honor. I 21 appreciate it. 22 THE COURT: Ms. Stupar, do you have any questions 23 about what I just did or any questions for clarification? 24 MS. STUPAR: Not at all, Your Honor. You were 25 clear. Thank you.

1 MAGISTRATE JUDGE DOCHERTY: Mr. Bourne, any 2 requests for clarification? 3 MR. BOURNE: No. Thank you, Your Honor. 4 MAGISTRATE JOHN DOCHERTY: Thank you. 5 THE COURT: All right. Thank you. Let's move 6 on. 7 The defendants are proposing using an industry 8 day proceeding, who wishes to speak on this? 9 MR. LAYTIN: It's Dan Laytin from Kirkland & 10 Ellis for the Clemens Family Corporation. May I proceed? 11 THE COURT: Go ahead. 12 MR. LAYTIN: Thank you, Your Honor. 13 We have three points that we would like to say 14 with respect to our request for an industry day. The first 15 is that we are now entering a phase of this litigation 16 where there are critical motions to be decided by Your 17 Honor, class certification, Daubert motions and summary 18 judgment, that will require the Court to apply the law to the facts related to the alleged conduct. 19 20 In cases like this, the class certification 21 motion, Daubert motion and summary judgment are just 22 critical to the shaping of this case. 23 The second point is, like many MDLs, the focus of 24 our hearings together have most often been on the shape of 25 the table and not what is on the table. Here, what is on

the table is important.

First in two ways: The first is with respect to the industries at issue. We sometimes use them interchangeably, but they are not, when we talk about the hog industry and the pork industry. The hog industry is how hogs are born and raised, and then the pork industry is how those hogs are taken and then processed into pork loin and then ultimately bacon and et cetera.

And how these industries work and interact is critical to the plaintiffs' allegations of a conspiracy here which alleges a hog supply conspiracy. Not all the defendants here are in both industries, and so we believe that the how, when and why pork processors get their hogs, how they own them, whether they contract for them, whether they get them on the spot market is key.

The second issue that we think is key is exports. Plaintiffs claim that defendants used increased exports to effectuate a conspiracy. "Exports" is a word that encapsulates a lot of concepts in the pork industry. We could be talking about the parts of the pig.

For example, Your Honor, many parts of the pig are more often than not destined for the export market, like ears and feet. We could be talking about the disease events that impact international demand for pork.

These are important industry issues that are not

obvious, that are not intuitive and that we have not had the opportunity to discuss with Your Honor.

The third point is, we are open, we defendants, are open to any procedure to allow us, both parties, to educate the Court on these important topics. We believe so strongly that an education day would be helpful, that whether — that on any dimension that we put in the papers we are open to Your Honor's guidance and discussion.

For example, we proposed that industry day be off the record. In the *Blue Cross/Blue Shield* case, that's the way Judge Proctor did it. He thought that it would facilitate more open discussion and allow him to ask more questions, but we are not wedded to that.

Other courts have been on the record, and if that's Your Honor's preference, we're happy to do that. With respect to the length and timing, we believe that an industry day would be best suited before Your Honor heard argument on the motion for class certification.

We believe that because we have four hours for argument, which as plaintiffs noted we think is sufficient for the argument, but we think that argument could be more efficient, better focused and result in a more complete understanding of the issues if it was preceded by a period of time for us to educate the Court on these important points.

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And then with respect to attorney argument or attorney presentation, that is our, that's our proposal, but again, we're open. We sort of feel like we're Sam in "Green Eggs and Ham" not to go all in on the pork reference, but we are open to any opportunity to discuss these important issues before Your Honor. So I'll end with that, and I'm happy to address any questions that Your Honor has or that are responsive to anything the plaintiffs say. THE COURT: So, Mr. Laytin, you're proposing basically lawyer discussion, not bringing in experts, to talk about aspects; is that correct? MR. LAYTIN: That's correct, Your Honor. THE COURT: Okay. All right. Has that been used in any of these other, like the Chicken Broiler or any of these other cases or not, do you know? MR. LAYTIN: We did not do it in the Chicken Broiler case, although there the court had two full days of argument and testimony on the class certification motion, so we did not do it there. I'm unaware whether it was done in other proteins cases. THE COURT: All right. Any other defendant wish to speak on this? Okay. Who is speaking for the plaintiffs? MR. BOURNE: Good morning, Your Honor. Joe

1 Bourne from Lockridge Grindal Nauen. 2 THE COURT: Good morning, Mr. Bourne, again. 3 MR. BOURNE: The plaintiffs believe this is The pork industry simply isn't that complex. 4 unnecessary. 5 As, you know, I think we heard Mr. Laytin say, this is 6 really about presenting additional argument and attorney 7 advocacy to the Court in connection with upcoming critical 8 hearings like class certification and eventually summary 9 judgment. 10 The plaintiffs believe that argument about the 11 industry, to the extent that it's necessary, can be 12 addressed at the hearings on those motions, as well as in 13 the parties' voluminous briefs and expert reports. A 14 separate additional day of attorney advocacy about aspects 15 of the industry that the parties believe strengthen their claims or defenses is not something that would be helpful 16 17 to the Court in our view. 18 It would also --19 THE COURT: Go ahead. 20 MR. BOURNE: It would also take a lot of the 21 Court's time and the parties' time and resources to prepare 22 and conduct this hearing and with the class certification 23 now coming up in just over a month at the end of January, 24 the class plaintiffs believe it's important not to delay 25 that hearing and to proceed full steam ahead.

Holding this hearing in early January as the defendants propose would give the plaintiffs little time to prepare, and that would be over the holidays, which is not a good timeline for people to have to put together a massive amount of work in preparing a day long presentation like this.

THE COURT: So, Mr. Bourne, I understand what the defendants' counsel would likely do at this proceeding to discuss aspects of the industry. What would plaintiffs be presenting if we did something like this?

MR. BOURNE: The plaintiffs would anticipate presenting on whatever topics the parties agreed would be part of the day. Certainly we think the same ground rules should apply. So if it's attorney presentation, then it should be attorney presentation for both sides. Your Honor already rejected an evidentiary hearing, so we don't believe there is any need or benefit to calling in experts to testify.

We would anticipate additional topics that we would propose and seek to include if the industry day went forward, such as benchmarking and data sharing in the industry and the impact of the defendant Agri Stats's data model that is, we allege, has changed fundamentally ways in which the industry works.

But we have not met and conferred about those

1 Thus far the parties have disagreed about whether 2 an industry day is necessary at all. 3 THE COURT: All right. Any other plaintiffs lawyer wish to make a comment? 4 5 MR. BLECHMAN: Yes, Your Honor, William Blechman from Kenny Nachwalter if I might. 6 7 THE COURT: Sure. 8 MR. BLECHMAN: Thank you and good morning. 9 Mr. Bourne covered most of the remarks that the 10 Direct Action Plaintiffs have, but I just wanted to respond 11 to one or two points presented by defense counsel. 12 I heard defense counsel say to the Court that an 13 important reason why defendants want this so-called 14 industry day is because they have had, and I wrote this 15 down, No opportunity to discuss facts and issues with the 16 Court that they want to talk about in the industry day. 17 I was struck by the remark, Your Honor, because 18 as Mr. Bourne notes, almost basically about a month from 19 now, the Court is going to hear four hours or more on class 20 cert which presumably are going to raise a number of these 21 issues, and then there will be summary judgment and other 22 motions that come out later. 23 So I think there actually has been an 24 opportunity, to say nothing of the proceedings that Your 25 Honor has held up until now considering motions to dismiss

and the allegations that have been made in the pleadings and the defendants' response.

What's more, speaking just more broadly, Your
Honor, the concern that we have about these kinds of
proceedings is that they typically occur sort of untethered
to motions, and what you have in this case is that you have
pending motions that will make what the defendants want to
cover with the Court duplicative, as best I can tell, in
answering the Court's questions about what would be
presented. Seems like there is a fair amount of
duplication there.

Finally, just in the broader sense of things,

Your Honor, as Your Honor knows better than do I, the Court

takes facts presented in evidentiary hearings, in motion

practice, and applies the law, in proceedings where there

is a real accountability for what both parties are saying

with regard to the ultimate Court's determination and

disposition of pending motions.

We see no basis to alter that kind of paradigm that is memorialized in the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. Most industry days with which I am familiar, Your Honor, occur very early in a case involving very complicated or complex industries or inventions, for example in patents and things like that.

That is not presented here, and Mr. Bourne has

1 already covered that. So I will not belabor the point, but 2 those were the remarks, Your Honor, I wanted to add. Thank 3 you. 4 THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Blechman. 5 plaintiffs' lawyer? 6 Okay. Mr. Laytin. 7 MR. LAYTIN: Just briefly, Your Honor. 8 you. 9 The plaintiffs' remarks could be distilled down 10 into, it's not worth it and it's not timely. With respect 11 to the resources or timing, this is an enormous case that 12 is, you know, challenges the very basis of multiple 13 industries, and we think it's worth it if Your Honor agrees 14 to have a day, some portion of a day reserved for education 15 of the Court on these critical issues. 16 And we don't believe that complaints about the 17 resources or timing or delay are well founded in that 18 context. With regard to Mr. Blechman's comments about this 19 being essentially too late for an industry day or the 20 industry is not complex enough, we don't think that's 21 well-founded, either. 22 Again, Judge Proctor in the Blue Cross/Blue 23 Shield case held multiple economics days over the course of 24 the ten-year period when issues arose. We think that's a 25 best practice where the Court will be relied on to write

1 opinions that come in the context of an industry that is, 2 again, not intuitive. 3 There are 40 some lawyers on this Zoom. I don't 4 believe any of us understood the intricacies and the 5 underlying market economics behind how the sausage is made, 6 quite literally. 7 We think taking some portion of a day to educate 8 Your Honor in a way that will make it, future arguments 9 more pointed, more efficient and more helpful we think is, 10 there is no down side. And the final point is, it is 11 curious to us that the plaintiffs don't want the 12 opportunity to educate the Court on these important topics. 13 We don't see a real down side to taking several 14 hours and talking about the facts that are relevant to the 15 industries in this important case. Thank you. 16 MR. BLECHMAN: Your Honor, may I respond just 17 briefly? 18 THE COURT: You may, Mr. Blechman. 19 MR. BLECHMAN: I'm in the Blue Cross case, as is 20 Mr. Laytin. I would like to think that Mr. Laytin and I 21 will agree that this case is not the Blue Cross case in 22 terms of the economics and the facts and the nuances and 23 the scale that is presented. 24 This case is a commodity case, and Your Honor 25 asked about the Broiler Chicken case. There was not an

1 industry case there. We don't think it's necessary here at 2 all. 3 And final point, Your Honor, is this: With regard to educating the Court, the reason that we oppose 4 5 this industry day is because we regard it as our charge, 6 our responsibility to the Court, to educate the Court about 7 these kinds of issues through the vehicle of motion 8 practice and responding to motions, in writing motions and 9 memoranda. 10 That's what we view as our charge. I acknowledge 11 to Your Honor that it is, it is the strategy of defendants 12 often to try to present something as more complicated, and 13 I acknowledge to you that it's the strategy of plaintiffs 14 at times to try to simplify, but in this case we're dealing 15 with a commodity product. 16 You have some indication of how this might go 17 because it wasn't done in the Broiler Chicken case, and the 18 Court is about to be educated considerably more about these 19 issues in its consideration of motions that are already 20 pending. 21 Thank you. 22 MR. BOURNE: Your Honor? 23 THE COURT: Yes, Mr. Bourne. 24 MR. BOURNE: Really briefly. The class 25 plaintiffs believe that the relevant aspects of the

1 industry will be sufficiently addressed and discussed at 2 the class certification hearing. 3 We would also suggest that to the extent the 4 Court is considering this and has questions about the 5 usefulness of an industry day that we could see how the 6 class certification hearing goes, and if the Court believes 7 that additional education such as the defendants have 8 proposed would be helpful, we could revisit it at that 9 point. 10 THE COURT: All right. Any final word on this, 11 Mr. Laytin? 12 MR. LAYTIN: Only that to talk about these 13 products as commodities again conflates the multiple 14 industries at issue. There is the hog industry, but no one 15 is going to say when they bring home bacon and they are 16 told they got the wrong one, whether it's hickory smoked or 17 some other thing, that everything in this industry is a 18 commodity. 19 And it's exactly these points, what is a hog, 20 what is a pork product, what is a value added product, that 21 we think would benefit from the light of day. Thank you. 22 THE COURT: All right. Thank you for your 23 arguments on this, and I think although an industry day 24 might be interesting, I don't think it's particularly

necessary at this stage of this case.

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1 However, I'm not going to hold an industry day 2 per se, but I'm prepared to add one additional hour to each 3 side's time on the class certification motion for the 4 purpose of adding what I might say are educational elements 5 to that hearing so that the Court has the benefit of some 6 additional thoughts from an educational standpoint, but I 7 don't think we need to do a separate day for an industry 8 day. 9 So we will move that to a period of six hours 10 rather than four for the class certification hearing, and 11 please feel free to be educational as part of your 12 arguments if you wish to do that. 13 All right? 14 MR. LAYTIN: Thank you, Your Honor. 15 THE COURT: Okay. Let's proceed to the next 16 issue, which I think is, maybe there is nothing to be done 17 at this point in time, but schedule for authenticity and 18 admissibility of potential trial exhibits, is there any 19 report on this? 20 I think this is still maturing. 21 MR. BOURNE: Joe Bourne here, Your Honor. 22 This is still maturing. We have been working on 23 meeting and conferring for the last couple months with 24 defendants, and we anticipate having hopefully another 25 update or potentially being able to file a stipulation or

1 something to that effect before the January status 2 conference. 3 THE COURT: All right. That sounds good. Let's move on to the Seaboard issue. I think, 4 5 Judge Docherty, are you going to handle this? 6 MAGISTRATE JUDGE DOCHERTY: I could. It didn't 7 look from the papers that there was anything to handle. It 8 looked like Seaboard had spun off Daily's Premium Meats, 9 that the structured data that was kept by Daily's Premium, 10 the parties have met and conferred and have agreed on that. 11 But is there more to say, other than what was in 12 the joint agenda? Any plaintiffs' lawyer who wishes to 13 speak to that? 14 MR. OWEN: Yes, Your Honor. Good morning. My 15 name is Steve Owen of the law firm Lockridge Grindal Nauen 16 on behalf of the Direct Purchaser Plaintiffs. 17 Just to add, a part of those meet and confer 18 efforts and Seaboard's production of daily structured data 19 from after the spin-off period was that DPPs raised several 20 questions specific to the structured data and raised 21 specific points for clarification that the DPPs wanted 22 clarified. 23 To date, Seaboard has not provided answers to 24 those questions. However, as of yesterday afternoon, 25 Seaboard represented to the DPPs that they would provide

1 answers to those questions shortly after the new year. 2 that is just an update with respect to that issue. 3 MAGISTRATE JUDGE DOCHERTY: All right. Well, I appreciate being brought up to speed on that. 4 5 Any other plaintiffs' lawyer that wants to speak 6 to the spin-off of Daily's from Seaboard? Any defense 7 lawyer that wants to be heard on this? 8 MR. SCHWINGLER: Peter Schwingler for Seaboard. 9 I've got nothing to add, Your Honor. 10 MAGISTRATE JUDGE DOCHERTY: Okay. All right. 11 Thanks very much, and if there is something to be decided, 12 it looks like it would be in January and not now. Okay. 13 MR. OWEN: Thank you. 14 MAGISTRATE JUDGE DOCHERTY: Thank you both. 15 THE COURT: All right. Why don't you, Judge 16 Docherty, you can tee up the letter rogatory issue here 17 that is pending. 18 MAGISTRATE JUDGE DOCHERTY: Yes. I just had a 19 question about that. There was an indication that a, 20 something called a long chambers day had been requested. Ι 21 assume, because I've never heard that term before, but I 22 don't know every term, that this is happening in Canada and 23 isn't something that we need to be concerned with, other 24 than knowing generally what's going on. 25 Ms. Scarlett, is that correct?

1 MS. SCARLETT: Yes, Your Honor. Shana Scarlett 2 on behalf of the plaintiffs. 3 What has happened is that Tyson has retained counsel on behalf of the witness, and Mr. Taylor could 4 5 speak for Tyson, but I believe they intend to challenge the 6 They have requested a two-day hearing at this point 7 I think in front of the Canadian court, which will happen 8 around February 10th. 9 But perhaps Mr. Taylor has a little bit more 10 inside information since Tyson has not yet filed its 11 responsive papers with the Court. 12 MAGISTRATE JUDGE DOCHERTY: Just to be clear, as 13 far as you know, there is nothing in the U. S. court 14 concerning Mr. Matsumoto's deposition now that the letters 15 rogatory are out the door. 16 MS. SCARLETT: Nothing that I'm aware of, Your 17 Honor. 18 MAGISTRATE JUDGE DOCHERTY: Mr. Taylor, is there 19 anything more to say about Mr. Matsumoto's deposition? 20 MR. TAYLOR: As Ms. Scarlett noted, he has a 21 hearing scheduled for February 10th, and my understanding 22 is, there is nothing for this Court to do pending the 23 outcome of that hearing. 24 MAGISTRATE JUDGE DOCHERTY: Thank you both for 25 clearing that up. I appreciate it.

1	MS. SCARLETT: Thank you, Your Honor.
2	THE COURT: All right. Very well. The
3	consolidated amended complaint was filed by the Direct
4	Action Plaintiffs. I noted that on the docket. The only
5	issue here is, Triumph is going to file a motion for
6	summary judgment; is that correct?
7	MR. SMITH: Yes, Your Honor. We intend to file a
8	motion for leave to move for summary judgment on the DAP
9	consolidated complaint.
10	THE COURT: Okay. And so the motion for leave
11	will be filed soon; is that correct?
12	MR. SMITH: Yes. Our intention is to file that
13	motion for leave with the proposed motion for early summary
14	judgment with the January 20th response date.
15	THE COURT: All right. Go ahead. Sorry.
16	MR. SMITH: I apologize, Your Honor. That's our
17	deadline to respond to the DAP consolidated complaint.
18	THE COURT: All right. Anyone else wish to speak
19	on this?
20	MR. KAPLAN: Robert Kaplan.
21	THE COURT: Go ahead, Mr. Kaplan.
22	MR. KAPLAN: Number one, there has been no meet
23	and confer. We filed the complaint on December 5th, so I'm
24	not sure exactly what they are proposing to file.
25	Secondly, Judge Docherty entered a scheduling

1 order on December 1st. That's docket 1651. That has a schedule for expert reports. Expert reports are due June 2 3 5, 2023. There is a schedule. Dispositive motions are not 4 due until May 17, 2024. 5 Our experts are relevant to summary judgment. 6 will be using expert opinions to oppose summary judgment. 7 So I would suggest, Your Honor, this is premature. 8 would file something. 9 Like I said, I don't know what they're moving on, 10 but most likely we will be opposing it on the grounds that 11 it's premature and that we haven't had expert reports or 12 expert discovery. 13 MR. SMITH: If I could just respond briefly? 14 THE COURT: Go ahead, Mr. Smith. 15 MR. SMITH: I think a little bit of color might 16 be helpful. If you recall, this is an issue that we 17 flagged in the October status report. With respect to 18 Triumph, I think it's a very simple motion for summary 19 judgment. 20 If Your Honor will recall in addressing the 21 second motion to dismiss, the Court relied, and plaintiffs 22 pressed, allegations that -- of parallel conduct in the 23 reduction of sow herds. 24 For defendant Indiana Packers, there were no such 25 allegations, so Indiana Packers was dismissed. For others,

like my client Triumph Foods, there were allegations that we made sow herd reductions at particular facilities, and the Court relied on that in denying the motions to dismiss.

Your Honor, respectfully those allegations weren't true when they were made. Now that fact discovery is closed, they are demonstrably false. When the DAPs filed their consolidated amended complaint, they recognized this, and they have conceded that Triumph Foods never had any live operations and had no sows.

Respectfully, if we had no sow operations, we couldn't review sows that we didn't have. Triumph is unique in the sense that it's solely a pork processor. We have no power over hogs to buy, and after processing pork, Triumph's role in the supply chain ends because Triumph doesn't even price or sell the products that it processes at its facility in St. Joe.

Again, discovery is closed. There is no evidence of any agreement, no evidence of parallel conduct as to Triumph, no evidence that Triumph reduced supply. We shouldn't have been in this case to begin with, but DAPs filing an amended complaint after the close of fact discovery and continuing to press these allegations, we believe that the time to resolve that is now.

It is a simple motion. It is an expensive case for my client, and we would just simply like an opportunity

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to present to the Court why that makes sense and why it makes sense now, and they will be free to respond to our motion for leave, but again we think this is a very simple motion. And if there is no evidence to support any of the core allegations, respectfully there is nothing that an expert could opine on. MR. KAPLAN: Your Honor, the core allegations here also involve a conspiracy to limit slaughter to keep their fair share of the slaughter market. Triumph is involved in the slaughter market. Triumph is a processor of harvesting the hogs to create the pork, and that's the core allegation of our complaint, and Triumph is right in the middle of it. THE COURT: All right. Well, thank you. The Court will review the motion that Triumph intends to bring, together with the response, and will issue an order quickly on whether the motion can be brought now. MR. SMITH: Thank you, Your Honor. THE COURT: All right. Okay. Briefing on class certification, do we have any issues here to discuss? MR. LAYTIN: Your Honor, it's Dan Laytin for Clemmens Family Corporation. I think we're in the previous section of our status conference. This also is a preview of coming attractions that we are not asking for any action

today, but we will similarly be seeking leave to file a surreply in opposition to class certification.

And in brief, the issue is that plaintiffs' class reply for the first time really changed their theory of the case from the one that Mr. Smith just articulated that was really based on a conspiracy to reduce hog production, and that has decreased the number of sows that each hog producer has and decreased the hogs that were processed.

As Mr. Smith said, that is the basis on which Your Honor decided the two motions to dismiss because the primary alleged vehicle of the conspiracy was sow and hog reduction. Plaintiffs' original class papers proceeded with that theory in mind.

They allege that defendants controlled the hog supply, and they therefore in their regression controlled for the cost of raising hogs but not buying hogs because, again, the plaintiffs' view of the world was that defendants controlled and owned the hog supply.

The problem for plaintiffs, as defendants pointed out in their class opposition, is that defendants don't own the hog supply, and independent hog producers do instead; and therefore packers benefit from increased hog supply, not less because they of course can buy hogs for cheaper.

When you include the price of hogs in the regressions that plaintiffs' experts offered, the

1 overcharge falls away. So the problem we have is that 2 plaintiffs have shifted to a new theory on reply, and just 3 to quote CIIPPS' experts, Plaintiffs do not allege a 4 conspiracy to restrict hog production. 5 That is an about-face, and it's not just the 6 CIIPPs' expert Williams. The DPPs' expert Mangum and 7 CIPPs' expert Singer all say similar things. That is an 8 about-face that has real big implications, and it has 9 implications for class and for Daubert and for summary 10 judgment. 11 But because it comes so late and these 12 declarations by plaintiffs' experts come so late in the 13 class process, we believe that we need an opportunity to 14 file a short surreply on the opposition to class to address 15 these new arguments and these new declarations and 16 allegations. 17 And so we will shortly be filing a motion for 18 leave to do just that, and we would propose to do it in the 19 6,000 remaining words that we have that were allocated to 20 us for the class briefing. 21 THE COURT: When are you filing your motion, 22 Mr. Laytin? MR. LAYTIN: We could do it on whatever schedule 23 24 the Court would like. We could do it expeditiously within

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a week.

1 THE COURT: All right. That sounds good. 2 don't you do it within a week? 3 Anyone, plaintiffs, wish to speak on this? MR. CLARK: Brian Clark speaking on behalf of the 4 5 class plaintiffs. 6 We have some issues with this proposal. 7 first time we heard about this possibility of a surrebuttal 8 report was on Thursday, December 15th, the day before the 9 status report was due and in one of the very final 10 exchanges of the draft of that status report before the 11 parties. Our reply expert reports were filed November 12 18th. 13 Defendants have not even requested a meet and 14 confer yet, and we were not provided until in the last 15 three minutes any purported basis for a surrebuttal report, 16 and any motion for leave would not be fully briefed until 17 at most a few weeks before the hearing. We have the 18 holidays here. 19 We have not waited to file such a motion. 20 could have even been filed last week if the defendants had 21 bothered to request a meet and confer, but it seems to us 22 in light of this, and Mr. Laytin described it as a preview, 23 it seems like defendants are taking the Court's temperature 24 on this issue before even meeting and conferring or filing

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a motion.

And plaintiffs' suggestion, as the Court suggested, that the temperature is quite cold in Minneapolis on this issue today. Big picture: These are class plaintiffs' motions. We should have the last word. That is the way motions work.

In addition, this briefing schedule and structure that has been in place for almost two years since January 2021, it's the result of a long-established and agreed upon schedule and structure.

And the Court, as it always does, received an initial brief, an opposition brief and a reply brief and accompanying reports. But to add an entirely new round of briefing here, and it will be a round because if defendants file a surreply, plaintiffs are entitled to respond to it with a sur-surrebuttal report from our experts.

And to do this at the 11th hour at the January 31st class certification hearing we just don't think is fair. These reports were proper rebuttal. I mean this is the first time we have heard this argument from defendants in the last five minutes now on what the exact issue is, but our conspiracy has always been the same.

What defendants are really saying here is, they have defined our conspiracy in a way they view as about hogs, reducing hog supply. That's not our conspiracy.

That's the way they framed it, and the purpose of this

surrebuttal is for them to continue framing a conspiracy that they cannot found, that we have not alleged.

The hearing on the motions is weeks away with the holidays intervening. It's prejudicial to even have to go through this exercise on briefing of their request for a surrebuttal. I will just note the defendants have declined to depose all but one class expert regarding their reply reports. Our concern is, defendants are anticipating a sur-surreply report from plaintiffs in response, and then the depositions of plaintiffs' experts will happen after that.

But at some point this briefing has to end. Somebody has to have the last word, and we suggest the typical end of briefing with the reply report is the appropriate place to do it. I will just kind of note the experience of when this happened before.

Defendants in *Broilers* made the same request.

Different facts, same result. There is something new, we need a surrebuttal. They filed their motion for leave to file the surrebuttal report, and attached to that motion was the actual surrebuttal expert report.

And of course if defendants do that, we are going to have to file an opposition, and we will also want to attach our sur-surrebuttal expert report, and at that point we are millions of dollars down the road in a case that, as

1 was pointed out, is expensive. We don't think that is a wise use of resources 2 3 over the holidays. I think we should be focused on 4 educating and preparing the Court at the January 31st 5 hearing. Defendants have every opportunity to make these 6 arguments on how they would like to say we have defined our 7 conspiracy. We disagree. 8 And we will tell you about that on January 31st, 9 but to spend the holidays going through this exercise again 10 with defendants we don't think is a wise use of resources, 11 and we would ask the Court since the preview has been made 12 to confirm that briefing is closed and avoid this exercise 13 over the holidays. 14 THE COURT: Mr. Laytin, is there a planned 15 surrebuttal expert report? 16 MR. LAYTIN: No, Your Honor. No. 17 THE COURT: All right. Well, I don't have a 18 problem with a very short surrebuttal brief, and I will 19 permit that if you could get that in within a week and then 20 the plaintiffs' reply a week after that. Keep these short. 21 I don't think that additional expert reports are 22 necessary, but if you want to make any additional argument 23 I'm fine with that, and the plaintiffs have a week to

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reply.

All right?

1	MR. LAYTIN: Thank you, Your Honor.
2	MR. SMITH: Just in the nature of a five page,
3	five pages for plaintiffs, five pages for defendants,
4	something short or
5	THE COURT: Yes. Yes. Five pages is sufficient.
6	All right. And then I would just note for the
7	record that we received the Direct Action Plaintiffs'
8	objection to Judge Docherty's November 16th order on a
9	motion to compel. We will be looking at that right away.
10	All right. Anything else anyone wishes to
11	address today?
12	All right. We will adjourn and for those in the
13	Beef matter, we will return in about ten minutes to begin
14	that hearing, and I hope everyone has a lovely holiday
15	season.
16	And we have another, do we have another status
17	conference scheduled at this point, Heather?
18	COURTROOM DEPUTY: We don't, Your Honor.
19	THE COURT: Do we have some dates we are looking
20	at? I think I would like to do a separate status
21	conference separate from the class certification motion,
22	earlier probably.
23	COURTROOM DEPUTY: Earlier than the motion?
24	THE COURT: Yeah.
25	COURTROOM DEPUTY: The week before, how about on

1	January 26th?
2	MR. KAPLAN: Your Honor?
3	THE COURT: Yes. Go ahead, Mr. Kaplan.
4	MR. KAPLAN: There is a multi district panel
5	hearing on that day that some of us will be
6	THE COURT: All right. That's not a good day.
7	How about earlier? We may have to take some time off from
8	trial.
9	COURTROOM DEPUTY: Tuesday the 24th?
10	MR. KAPLAN: That's fine.
11	THE COURT: Tuesday the 24th work? We would
12	probably set afternoon time since we anticipate being in
13	trial, but we would move it earlier if the trial goes away.
14	COURTROOM DEPUTY: How about three o'clock?
15	THE COURT: Three o'clock Central Time.
16	MR. SMITH: Your Honor, for class plaintiffs,
17	that works. Thank you.
18	THE COURT: All right. Let's plan it for 3:00
19	p.m. Central Standard Time on January 24th.
20	MAGISTRATE JUDGE DOCHERTY: Judge, I'm on
21	criminal duty then, but I can make that happen. Initial
22	appearances are usually earlier in the afternoon.
23	THE COURT: Okay. Well, we will issue an order
24	pausing criminal duty matters for an hour.
25	All right. Have a good holiday, everyone. Thank

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       you all for participating by video conference today.
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       will see you next month.
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                 MR. KAPLAN: Thank you, Your Honor.
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                 MR. LAYTIN:
                               Thank you.
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                 MR. BOURNE: Thank you.
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                          (Court was adjourned.)
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                 I, Kristine Mousseau, certify that the foregoing
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       is a correct transcript from the record of proceedings in
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       the above-entitled matter.
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           Certified by: s/ Kristine Mousseau, CRR-RPR
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